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This paper describes the synthesis of a new series of 6-amino-4-aryl-5-cyanopyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines **4** and 4-aryl-5-cyano-6*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-ones **5** from the reaction of 5-amino-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazole **1** with arylidene derivatives of malonodinitrile **2** and ethyl cyanoacetate **3**. The structure of the final compounds was determined on the basis of nmr measurements, especially by ¹H-, ¹H-, ¹H-, ¹³C-COSY, DEPT and X-ray diffraction.

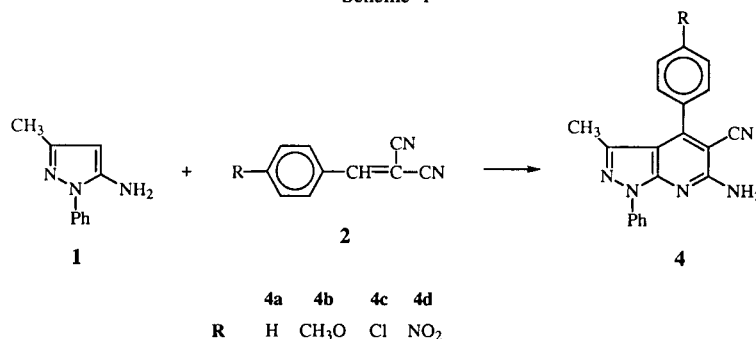
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Synthesis and study of the pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines have been of interest for their potential biological and pharmacological activities properties [1-5].

We have previously reported that the reaction of 5-aminopyrazoles with chalcones [6,7], β-dimethylamino-

of malonodinitrile **2** and ethyl cyanoacetate **3**. A solution of equimolar amounts of amine **1** and **2** was heated to reflux for 1-1.5 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and precipitate formed was filtrated, to give 6-amino-4-aryl-5-cyanopyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines **4** (Scheme 1).

Scheme 1



propiophenones [8], benzylidene [9] and methoxymethyl-ene [10] derivatives of Meldrum's acid has been presented as an efficient method of synthesis of pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines. It has been our interest to examine this method and its application to synthesis of new pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine derivatives from benzylidenemalonodinitrile and ethyl benzylidenecyanoacetate as α,β-unsaturated component.

In this work we studied the reaction of 5-amino-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazole **1** with benzylidene derivatives

The formation of **4** was confirmed by their spectroscopy analysis. Thus, the ir spectra of compounds **4** measured in potassium bromide pellets show one band of the elongation vibrations of the C=N group at 2212-2221 cm⁻¹ and two bands for NH₂ groups at 3329-3484 cm⁻¹.

In the ¹H-nmr spectra of compounds **4** measured in dimethyl-d₆ sulfoxide (Table 1) were observed the signal of CH₃ group at 1.85-1.90 ppm, the aromatic proton signals at 7.50-8.53 ppm and the signal of 6-NH₂ group at 6.36-6.75 ppm.

Table 1

¹H-NMR Data of Compounds 4 and 5
(δ values, Tetramethylsilane as the Internal Standard, in Dimethyl-d₆ Sulfoxide, 300 MHz)

Compound	CH ₃ s	6-NH ₂ s	7-NH s	1-Ph	4-Ar
4a	1.90	6.63	---	7.47-7.58	7.50-8.17
4b	1.85	6.57	---	7.48-7.57	7.55-8.20
4c	1.85	6.36	---	7.50-7.70	7.60-8.22
4d	1.90	6.75	---	7.51-8.30	7.90-8.53
5a	1.80	---	12.01	7.30-7.52	7.42-8.12
5b	1.85	---	12.05	7.40-7.53	7.45-7.60
5c	1.90	---	12.09	7.45-7.55	7.52-7.65
5d	1.90	---	12.12	7.50-8.02	7.80-8.42

The method described above was applicable to arylidene derivatives of ethyl cyanoacetate for the synthesis of pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines. Reactions of 1 with arylidene derivatives of ethyl cyanoacetate 3 in ethanol gave exclusively 4-aryl-5-cyano-1-phenyl-6*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-ones 5 in good yields (Scheme 2).

The formation of 5 was confirmed by their spectroscopy analysis. Thus, the ir spectra of compounds 5

measured in potassium bromide pellets show bands of the elongation vibrations of the C=O group at 1623-1642 cm⁻¹, C=N group at 2206-2222 cm⁻¹ and NH group at 3251-3435 cm⁻¹.

In the ¹H-nmr spectra of compounds 5 measured in dimethyl-d₆ sulfoxide (Table 1) besides the signal of the CH₃ group at 1.80-1.90 ppm and the aromatic proton signals at 7.42-8.42 ppm, there were observed one singlet at δ = 12.01-12.12 ppm corresponding to the NH group at position 7 of pyrazolopyridine ring.

The final elucidation of structure of compounds 4 and 5 was carried out by analysis of the ¹³C-nmr spectra (Table 2).

The formation of 4 and 5 in these reactions is assumed to proceed *via* a sequence similar to that discussed in [8, 10-13]. These reactions must occur by 1,4-addition of the amine 1 at the 5 position to α,β -unsaturated systems of 2 or 3 followed by cyclization and air oxidation (Scheme 3).

An unambiguous structure proof of compound 4 was achieved by an examination of the crystal structure of 4a. Figure 1 shows an X-ray crystal structure of compound 4a.

Scheme 2

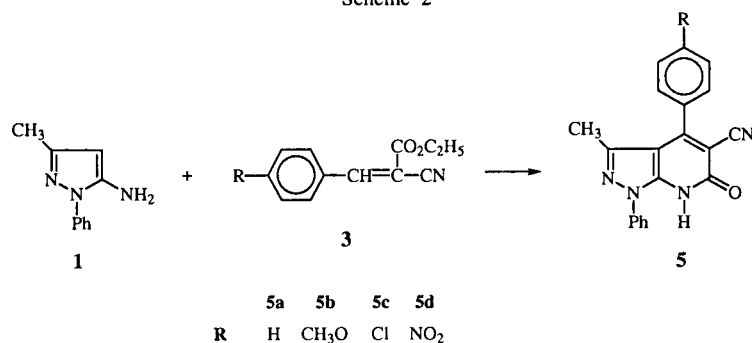
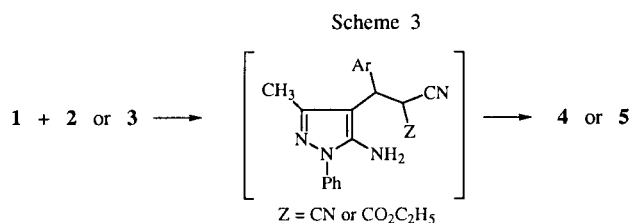


Table 2

¹³C-NMR Data of Compounds 4 and 5
(δ values, Tetramethylsilane as the Internal Standard, in Dimethyl-d₆ Sulfoxide, 300 MHz)

Compound	4a	4b	4c	4d	5a	5b	5c	5d
CH ₃	14.0	14.5	14.7	15.1	14.5	14.5	14.3	15.1
C-3	143.6	143.7	144.0	144.8	142.5	142.6	161.0	153.7
C-3a	108.0	108.1	108.0	109.6	110.0	109.5	162.2	163.5
C-4	138.8	139.0	139.2	142.2	141.3	141.5	95.0	94.5
C-5	159.1	159.2	159.5	160.4	90.1	90.0	37.0	38.7
C-6	88.0	88.0	88.1	89.3	156.3	156.3	156.0	157.5
C-7a	152.4	152.3	152.0	152.4	135.0	135.2	151.4	137.2
-CN	116.3	116.3	116.5	116.9	122.2	122.1	122.3	122.7
Ar								
Ci	134.0	134.5	134.9	140.5	134.7	134.5	133.0	132.7
C _{o,m}	151.0	151.0	151.9	150.0	139.5	139.3	138.5	140.3
C _p	120.4	120.5	120.8	121.7	125.1	125.0	124.9	124.2
C _q	128.3	128.6	128.9	124.7	125.1	125.1	125.0	124.5
C _r	128.4	128.8	129.3	130.0	128.1	128.0	128.7	130.3
C _s	128.9	129.0	131.0	131.6	130.4	130.5	130.2	132.6
C _t	125.4	125.8	126.0	126.7	128.0	128.0	127.5	127.3
C _u	129.5	130.2	133.3	151.2	133.0	132.5	132.0	149.0



The most important geometric features of this new compound **4a** are listed in Tables 3-8.

Table 3

Crystal Data and Structure Refinement for 6-Amino-5-cyano-3-methyl-1,4-diphenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine

Empirical formula	C ₂₀ H ₁₅ N ₅
Formula weight	325.35
Temperature	293(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	P21/c
Unit cell dimensions	a = 11.654(3) Å α = 90° b = 11.729(5) Å β = 110.4790(3)° c = 13.098(4) Å γ = 90°
Volume	1677.2(10) Å ³
Z	4
Density (calculated)	1.186 Mg/m ³
Absorption coefficient	0.073 mm ⁻¹
F(000)	628
Crystal size	0.16 x 0.12 x 0.08 mm
Theta range for data collection	2.40 to 25.32°
Index ranges	-14 ≤ h ≤ 13, 0 ≤ k ≤ 14, 0 ≤ l ≤ 15
Reflections collected	3186
Independent reflections	3047 [R(int) = 0.0667]
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data/restraints/parameters	3047/0/233
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.124
Final R indices [I > 2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0527, wR2 = 0.1123
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1934, wR2 = 0.1848
Extinction coefficient	0.0021(8)
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.212 and -0.176 e. Å ⁻³

Table 4

Fractional Coordinates (Å × 10⁴) of Non-hydrogen Atoms and Isotropic Temperature Factors with Estimated in Parentheses

	x	y	z	U(eq)
N(1)	699(3)	8968(3)	7697(3)	55(1)
N(2)	462(3)	9902(3)	6995(3)	62(1)
C(3)	741(4)	10820(4)	7612(3)	56(1)
C(3A)	1162(4)	10516(3)	8745(3)	50(1)
C(7A)	1092(4)	9319(4)	8756(3)	49(1)
C(4)	1539(4)	11087(3)	9744(3)	50(1)
C(5)	1770(4)	10396(3)	10658(3)	50(1)
C(6)	1645(4)	9184(3)	10574(3)	50(1)
N(7)	1320(3)	8633(3)	9624(3)	50(1)
N(3)	2632(5)	11212(3)	12603(3)	89(1)
N(4)	1852(4)	8538(3)	11480(3)	62(1)
C(8)	453(4)	7853(4)	7233(3)	54(1)
C(9)	-315(4)	7739(4)	6163(3)	62(1)
C(10)	-540(4)	6667(4)	5701(4)	69(1)
C(11)	-31(5)	5710(5)	6290(4)	80(2)

Table 4 (continued)

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(12)	725(5)	5845(4)	7362(4)	87(2)
C(13)	967(5)	6914(4)	7828(4)	77(2)
C(14)	1725(4)	12338(3)	9861(3)	48(1)
C(15)	1119(4)	12994(4)	10397(3)	56(1)
C(16)	1351(4)	14141(4)	10552(3)	60(1)
C(17)	2205(4)	14651(4)	10199(4)	69(1)
C(18)	2818(4)	14011(4)	9672(4)	67(1)
C(19)	2577(4)	12860(4)	9499(3)	58(1)
C(20)	568(4)	11971(4)	7099(4)	76(2)
C(21)	2234(4)	10875(3)	11725(4)	61(1)

U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Table 5

Bond Lengths [Å] and Angles [°] with Estimated Standard Deviations in Parentheses

N(1)-C(7A)	1.363(5)
N(1)-N(2)	1.394(4)
N(1)-C(8)	1.428(5)
N(2)-C(3)	1.317(5)
C(3)-C(3A)	1.436(5)
C(3)-C(20)	1.490(6)
C(3A)-C(4)	1.397(5)
C(3A)-C(7A)	1.406(5)
C(7A)-N(7)	1.341(5)
C(4)-C(5)	1.391(5)
C(4)-C(14)	1.484(5)
C(5)-C(21)	1.426(6)
C(5)-C(6)	1.429(5)
C(6)-N(7)	1.334(5)
C(6)-N(4)	1.356(5)
N(3)-C(21)	1.150(5)
C(8)-C(13)	1.361(6)
C(8)-C(9)	1.381(5)
C(9)-C(10)	1.380(6)
C(10)-C(11)	1.373(6)
C(11)-C(12)	1.381(6)
C(12)-C(13)	1.379(6)
C(14)-C(19)	1.384(5)
C(14)-C(15)	1.389(5)
C(15)-C(16)	1.373(6)
C(16)-C(17)	1.373(6)
C(17)-C(18)	1.376(6)
C(18)-C(19)	1.381(6)
C(7A)-N(1)-N(2)	110.7(3)
C(7A)-N(1)-C(8)	130.9(4)
N(2)-N(1)-C(8)	118.3(3)
C(3)-N(2)-N(1)	106.7(3)
N(2)-C(3)-C(3A)	110.7(4)
N(2)-C(3)-C(20)	119.9(4)
C(3A)-C(3)-C(20)	129.4(4)
C(4)-C(3A)-C(7A)	118.0(4)
C(4)-C(3A)-C(3)	137.0(4)
C(7A)-C(3A)-C(3)	105.0(4)
N(7)-C(7A)-N(1)	125.3(4)
N(7)-C(7A)-C(3A)	127.7(4)
N(1)-C(7A)-C(3A)	106.9(4)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3A)	115.4(4)
C(5)-C(4)-C(14)	120.7(4)
C(3A)-C(4)-C(14)	123.9(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(21)	120.4(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	122.0(4)

Table 5 (continued)

C(7A)-C(3A)-C(3)	105.0(4)
N(7)-C(7A)-N(1)	125.3(4)
N(7)-C(7A)-C(3A)	127.7(4)
N(1)-C(7A)-C(3A)	106.9(4)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3A)	115.4(4)
C(5)-C(4)-C(14)	120.7(4)
C(3A)-C(4)-C(14)	123.9(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(21)	120.4(4)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	122.0(4)
C(21)-C(5)-C(6)	117.4(4)
N(7)-C(6)-N(4)	116.8(4)
N(7)-C(6)-C(5)	122.8(4)
N(4)-C(6)-C(5)	120.5(4)
C(6)-N(7)-C(7A)	114.1(3)
C(13)-C(8)-C(9)	120.1(4)
C(13)-C(8)-N(1)	121.0(4)
C(9)-C(8)-N(1)	118.9(4)
C(10)-C(9)-C(8)	119.3(4)
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	121.3(4)
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	118.3(5)
C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	120.8(5)
C(8)-C(13)-C(12)	120.1(4)
C(19)-C(14)-C(15)	118.8(4)
C(19)-C(14)-C(4)	119.9(4)
C(15)-C(14)-C(4)	121.2(4)
C(16)-C(15)-C(14)	120.5(4)
C(17)-C(16)-C(15)	120.4(4)
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	119.8(4)
C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	120.2(4)
C(18)-C(19)-C(14)	120.3(4)
N(3)-C(21)-C(5)	176.8(5)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms.

Table 6
Torsion Angles (°)

C7A-N1-N2-C3	1.9(4)
C8-N1-N2-C3	179.0(4)
N1-N2-C3-C3A	-0.5(5)
N1-N2-C3-C20	-179.0(4)
N2-C3-C3A-C4	-177.7(5)
C20-C3-C3A-C4	0.6(9)
N2-C3-C3A-C7A	-0.9(5)
C20-C3-C3A-C7A	177.3(4)
N2-N1-C7A-N7	175.5(4)
C8-N1-C7A-N7	-1.1(7)
N2-N1-C7A-C3A	-2.4(5)
C8-N1-C7A-C3A	-179.1(4)
C4-C3A-C7A-N7	1.6(7)
C3-C3A-C7A-N7	-175.9(4)
C4-C3A-C7A-N1	179.5(3)
C3-C3A-C7A-N1	2.0(5)
C7A-C3A-C4-C5	-2.0(6)
C3-C3A-C4-C5	174.5(5)
C7A-C3A-C4-C14	176.2(4)
C3-C3A-C4-C14	-7.3(8)
C3A-C4-C5-C21	176.1(4)
C14-C4-C5-C21	-2.2(6)
C3A-C4-C5-C6	0.7(6)
C14-C4-C5-C6	-177.6(4)
C4-C5-C6-N7	1.2(7)
C21-C5-C6-N7	-174.2(4)
C4-C5-C6-N4	-178.6(4)
C21-C5-C6-N4	6.0(7)

Table 6 (continued)

N4-C6-N7-C7A	178.1(4)
C5-C6-N7-C7A	-1.7(6)
N1-C7A-N7-C6	-177.2(4)
C3A-C7A-N7-C6	0.3(6)
C7A-N1-C8-C13	-22.3(7)
N2-N1-C8-C13	161.3(4)
C7A-N1-C8-C9	158.0(4)
N2-N1-C8-C9	-18.4(5)
C13-C8-C9-C10	-1.0(7)
N1-C8-C9-C10	178.8(4)
C8-C9-C10-C11	1.1(7)
C9-C10-C11-C12	-0.5(8)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-0.3(8)
C9-C8-C13-C12	0.2(7)
N1-C8-C13-C12	-179.5(5)
C11-C12-C13-C8	0.4(8)
C5-C4-C14-C19	118.1(5)
C3A-C4-C14-C19	-60.0(6)
C5-C4-C14-C15	-57.5(6)
C3A-C4-C14-C15	124.4(5)
C19-C14-C15-C16	0.7(6)
C4-C14-C15-C16	176.4(4)
C14-C15-C16-C17	-1.3(6)
C15-C16-C17-C18	0.9(7)
C16-C17-C18-C19	0.0(7)
C17-C18-C19-C14	-0.5(6)
C15-C14-C19-C18	0.2(6)
C4-C14-C19-C18	-175.5(4)
C4-C5-C21-N3	-152.3(99)
C6-C5-C21-N3	23.2(103)

Table 7

Anisotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for 6-Amino-5-cyano-3-methyl-1,4-diphenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine

	U11	U22	U33	U23	U13	U12
N(1)	62(2)	61(2)	43(2)	1(2)	18(2)	4(2)
N(2)	71(3)	62(2)	51(2)	4(2)	20(2)	6(2)
C(3)	61(3)	56(3)	51(3)	4(2)	18(2)	1(2)
C(3A)	54(3)	53(3)	45(3)	1(2)	20(2)	2(2)
C(7A)	47(3)	58(3)	45(3)	-5(2)	19(2)	1(2)
C(4)	49(3)	53(2)	50(3)	2(2)	20(2)	3(2)
C(5)	60(3)	47(3)	46(3)	-4(2)	22(2)	0(2)
C(6)	54(3)	51(3)	47(3)	3(2)	21(2)	2(2)
N(7)	53(2)	54(2)	46(2)	4(2)	20(2)	2(2)
N(3)	149(4)	53(3)	53(3)	-3(2)	22(3)	5(3)
N(4)	91(3)	50(2)	46(2)	3(2)	25(2)	2(2)
C(8)	52(3)	60(3)	51(3)	-7(2)	20(2)	1(2)
C(9)	53(3)	72(3)	56(3)	-9(2)	15(2)	-4(2)
C(10)	63(3)	84(4)	61(3)	-16(3)	22(2)	-7(3)
C(11)	101(4)	71(4)	73(4)	-22(3)	36(3)	-9(3)
C(12)	131(5)	61(3)	66(4)	-3(3)	32(3)	14(3)
C(13)	104(4)	66(3)	56(3)	-11(3)	21(3)	11(3)
C(14)	50(3)	47(2)	48(2)	1(2)	16(2)	-4(2)
C(15)	63(3)	51(3)	58(3)	0(2)	27(2)	-1(2)
C(16)	69(3)	49(3)	60(3)	-4(2)	22(2)	1(2)
C(17)	76(3)	53(3)	71(3)	4(2)	17(3)	-8(3)
C(18)	64(3)	69(3)	70(3)	9(3)	25(2)	-13(3)
C(19)	60(3)	61(3)	56(3)	1(2)	24(2)	-4(2)
C(20)	86(4)	78(3)	57(3)	18(3)	17(3)	-2(3)
C(21)	91(4)	39(3)	53(3)	2(2)	26(3)	2(2)

The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2 [h^2 a^{*2} U_{11} + \dots + 2hk a^* b^* U_{12}]$

Table 8

Hydrogen Coordinates ($\text{\AA} \times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for 6-Amino-5-cyano-3-methyl-1,4-diphenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine

	x	y	z	U(eq)
HN41	1841(35)	7678(37)	11405(32)	76
HN42	2138(39)	8858(35)	12100(34)	76
H(9)	-678(4)	8377(4)	5758(3)	76
H(10)	-1046(4)	6591(4)	4977(4)	76
H(11)	-191(5)	4990(5)	5975(4)	76
H(12)	1075(5)	5207(4)	7776(4)	76
H(13)	1482(5)	6993(4)	8549(4)	76
H(15)	550(4)	12653(4)	10652(3)	76
H(16)	928(4)	14575(4)	10899(3)	76
H(17)	2369(4)	15425(4)	10315(4)	76
H(18)	3396(4)	14355(4)	9431(4)	76
H(19)	2989(4)	12434(4)	9137(3)	76
H(201)	1348(4)	12343(4)	7281(4)	76
H(202)	40(4)	12417(4)	7365(4)	76
H(203)	205(4)	11895(4)	6322(4)	76

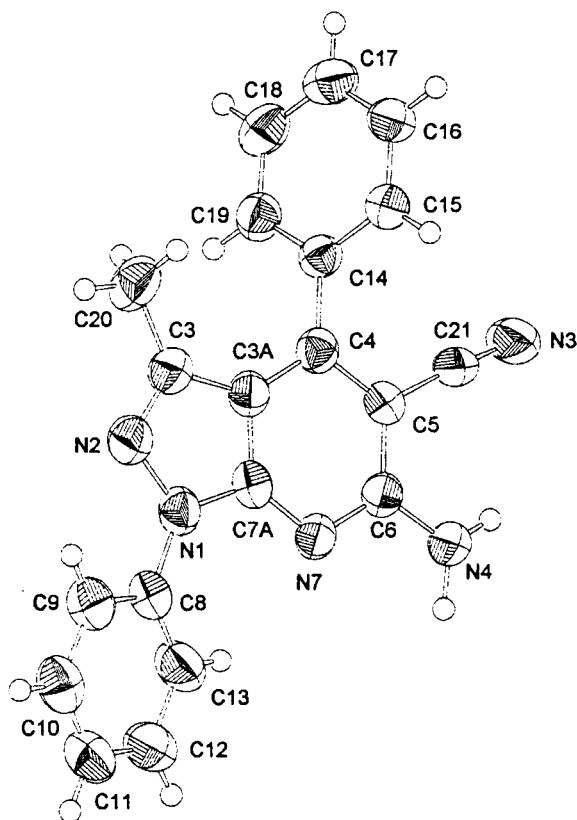


Figure 1. Molecular Structure of 4a.

EXPERIMENTAL

Melting points were taken on a Buchi Melting Point Apparatus and are uncorrected. The ^1H - and ^{13}C nmr spectra were obtained with a Bruker AMX-300 operating at 300 MHz

and 75 MHz respectively, in dimethyl- d_6 sulfoxide as solvent and tetramethylsilane as the internal standard. Mass spectra (FAB) were performed with a Kratos MS-50 mass spectrometer using 2-hydroxyethyl disulfide as a matrix. The elemental analysis have been obtained using a LECO CHNS-900 equipment.

Synthesis of 6-Amino-4-aryl-5-cyano-1-phenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines **4** and 4-Aryl-5-cyano-1-phenyl-6*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-ones **5**.

General Procedure.

A solution of 5-aminopyrazole (**1**) (1.5 mmoles) and corresponding arylidene derivative of malonodinitrile (**2**) (1.5 mmoles) or corresponding arylidene derivative of ethyl cyanoacetate (**3**) (1.5 mmoles) in 10 ml of absolute ethanol and 1 ml of triethylamine was heated to reflux for 1-1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled. The cyclized products **4** or **5** were collected by filtration, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized from ethanol.

6-Amino-5-cyano-3-methyl-1,4-diphenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine **4a**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 208°, yield 63%; ir (potassium bromide): 2216 (CN), 3366, 3476 cm^{-1} (NH_2); ms: FAB m/z 326 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$).

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_5$: C, 73.85; H, 4.61; N, 21.54. Found: C, 73.74; H, 4.67; N, 21.47.

6-Amino-5-cyano-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine **4b**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 197°, yield 65%; ir (potassium bromide): 2221 (CN), 3342, 3420 cm^{-1} (NH_2); ms: FAB m/z 356 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$).

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_5\text{O}$: C, 70.98; H, 4.79; N, 19.72. Found: C, 70.86; H, 4.86; N, 19.65.

6-Amino-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-cyano-3-methyl-1-phenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine **4c**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 195°, yield 67%; ir (potassium bromide): 2212 (CN), 3329, 3454 cm^{-1} (NH_2); ms: FAB M/z 360/362 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$).

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_5\text{Cl}$: C, 66.76; H, 3.90; N, 19.47. Found: C, 66.88; H, 3.98; N, 19.29.

6-Amino-5-cyano-3-methyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)-1-phenylpyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridines **4d**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as pale yellow crystals, mp 215°, yield 82%; ir (potassium bromide): 2213 (CN), 3349, 3484 cm^{-1} (NH_2); ms: FAB m/z 371 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$).

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_6\text{O}_2$: C, 64.87; H, 3.78; N, 22.70. Found: C, 64.80; H, 3.61; N, 22.56.

5-Cyano-3-methyl-1,4-diphenyl-7*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-one **5a**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 183°, yield 65%; ir (potassium bromide): 1623 (C=O), 2206 (CN), 3435 cm^{-1} (NH); ms: FAB m/z 327 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$).

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4\text{O}$: C, 70.18; H, 4.09; N, 16.37. Found: C, 70.32; H, 4.15; N, 16.25.

5-Cyano-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-7*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-one **5b**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 320°, yield 60%; ir (potassium bromide): 1634 (C=O), 2222 (CN), 3431 cm⁻¹ (NH); ms: FAB m/z 357 (M⁺+1).

Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₆N₄O₂: C, 70.79; H, 4.49; N, 15.73. Found: C, 70.66; H, 4.57; N, 15.82.

4-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-cyano-3-methyl-1-phenyl-7*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-one **5c**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as white crystals, mp 278°, yield 70%; ir (potassium bromide): 1642 (C=O), 2216 (CN), 3351 cm⁻¹ (NH); ms: FAB m/z 361/363 (M⁺+1).

Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₃N₄OCl: C, 66.57; H, 3.61; N, 15.53. Found: C, 66.67; H, 3.54; N, 15.45.

5-Cyano-3-methyl-4-(4-nitrophenyl)-1-phenyl-7*H*-pyrazolo[3,4-*b*]pyridin-6-one **5d**.

This compound was obtained by the general procedure as pale yellow crystals, mp 308°, yield 76%; ir (potassium bromide): 1633 (C=O), 2220 (CN), 3367 cm⁻¹ (NH); ms: FAB m/z 372 (M⁺+1).

Anal. Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₃N₅O₃: C, 64.69; H, 3.50; N, 18.87. Found: C, 64.53; H, 3.37; N, 18.98.

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